

KEY

Worksheet Math 1316 -Plane Trigonometry

Unit 2: Section 4.1-4.2 Graphing Trig Functions

Things to Remember:

Unit Circle:

- NEED to have this memorized!
- Will help you graph SIN and COS Functions
- Cosine Functions start on a max at 1
- Sin Functions start in the middle at 0

adding
 $y=C+\sin(x)$ moves up and down \updownarrow

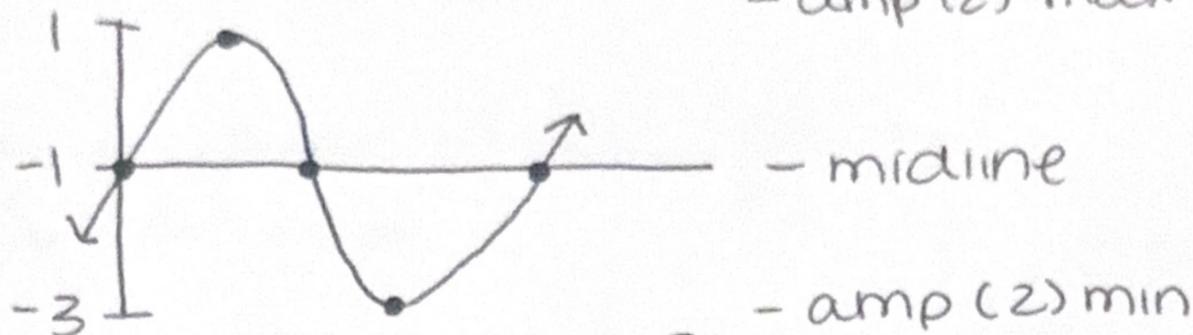
multiply
 $y=A\sin(x)$ ~~moves~~ vertically stretches \updownarrow

$y=\sin(x+D)$ moves left and right \leftrightarrow
adding in ()

$y=\sin(Bx)$ ~~moves~~ stretches/shrinks horizontally \leftrightarrow
multiplying
in ()

$$y = 2\sin(x) - 1 \rightarrow \text{MHMLM}$$

- amp (2) max



- midline

- amp (2) min

e) What is the amplitude? $\rightarrow 2$

why? b/c #2 in front of $\sin(x)$

f) What is the midline? $\rightarrow y = -1$

why? b/c -1 means down 1

Vertical Transformations

Describe the Transformations that occur in...

$$y = -3\cos(x) + 2$$

↑
negative sign

• negative sign means it reflects the graph over the x-axis

- 3 \rightarrow vertical stretch (amplitude of 3)
- +2 \rightarrow shift graph up 2 (midline $y = 2$)

Sketch: $-\cos(x) \rightarrow \text{LMHML}$ (switched)

* Compare to $y = \cos(x)$ *



Write an equation for a sine function that includes

- Amplitude of 5 \rightarrow place in front of $\sin(x)$
- Has a midline of $y = 1 \rightarrow +1$

$$y = 5\sin(x) + 1$$

Describe the phase shift of...

$$y = \cos(x - \pi/4)$$

remember x's lie

meaning

- "-" \rightarrow right
- "+" \rightarrow left

• Phase shifts

right $\frac{\pi}{4}$ graph starts @ $\frac{\pi}{4}$

M = mid L = LOW H = high

Sin Functions Pattern: M H M L M



Cos Functions Pattern: H M L M H



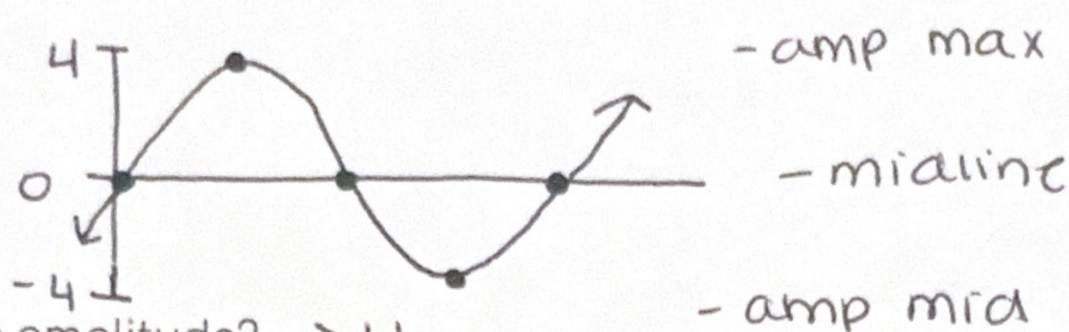
I like to write this before even trying to figure out the details of a graph.

Practice Problems:

Amplitude & Midline

1) $y = -4\sin(x)$ → sin function → M H M L M

Draw Function:



a) What is the amplitude? → 4

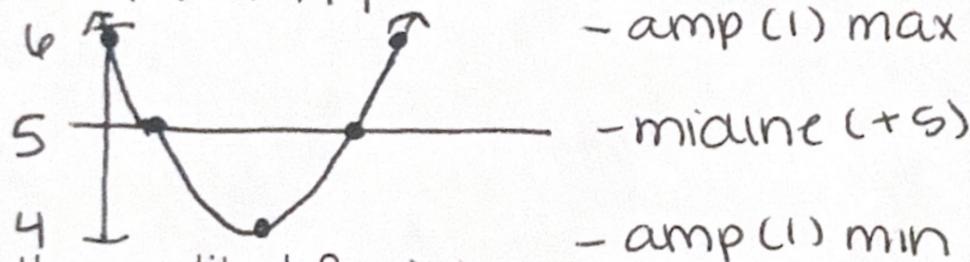
why? b/c amplitude has an absolute value meaning $|-4| = 4$ (no neg. amps)

b) What is the midline? → $y = 0$

why? b/c no # added or subtracted

2) $y = \cos(x) + 5$

Draw Function: H M L M H



c) What is the amplitude? → 1

why → b/c no # in front of $\cos(x)$

d) What is the midline? → $y = 5$

why? b/c +5 means up five

3) $y = 2\sin(x) - 1$

Draw Function:

next page ☺